TABLE A-5. Fatal occupational injuries by occupation and event or exposure, South Carolina, 2023

		Event or exposure ²					
Occupation ¹	Total fatal injuries (number)	Violent acts ³	Transportation incidents ⁴	Explosions and fires	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances, environments	Contact incidents
Total	112	9	44		18	23	16
Management occupations	3						
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	5					3	
Sales and related occupations	4	1					
Construction and extraction occupations	27		5		10	6	4
Construction trades workers	17						
Construction laborers	8						
Construction laborers	8						
Roofers	3						
Roofers	3						
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	10		3			3	4
Vehicle and mobile equipment mechanics, installers, and repairers	3						
Automotive technicians and repairers	3						
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	3						
Other installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	5						
Production occupations	8	1					4
Other production occupations	6						
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	1						
Inspectors, testers, sorters, samplers, and weighers	1						
Miscellaneous production workers	5						
Transportation and material moving occupations	37	4	25		4		
Motor vehicle operators	24		20				
Material moving workers	13		5				
Laborers and material movers	6						

¹ CFOI has used several versions of the Standard Occupation Classification (SOC) system since 2003 to define occupation. For complete information on the version of SOC used in this year, see our
definitions page at https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/cfoi/concepts.htm#standard-occupational-classification-soc. Cases where occupation is unknown are included in the total.

Note: Data for all years are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. For complete information on how the data are coded and presented see our definitions page at https://www.bls.gov/iif/definitions/census-of-fatal-occupational-injuries-definitions.htm. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with state, New York City, District of Columbia, and federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, December 19, 2024

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 3.02 implemented for 2023 data forward.

³ Includes violence by persons and self-inflicted injury.

⁴ Includes roadway, nonroadway, air, water, rail fatal occupational injuries, and fatal occupational injuries resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

⁵ Includes fatal injuries to persons identified as resident armed forces regardless of individual occupation listed.